ENTER 2003

OCT 19 2005

10/776,870

H2016CIP/AMDP1027US

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend claims 1, 2, 5, 9, 11, 12, 18, 22, cancel claim 3 and add new claim 23 as noted below.

- (Currently amended) A system that programs a memory cell comprising:
 a memory cell to be programmed comprising;
 - a first electrode that forms a base for the memory cell;
 - a functional layer formed over the first electrode to facilitate charge migration in the memory cell, an impedance state of the functional layer changes based on a migration of electrons or holes when subject to an external electric field or light radiation, the impedance state indicative of information content;
- a second electrode formed over the functional layer and operative with the first electrode to activate a selective memory portion in the memory cell, and a control component that applies an external stimulus to the memory cell, to affect a property associated with the memory cell, the control component comprising a comparator that compares a value of the property with a threshold value, to determine a program state of the memory cell.
- 2. (Currently amended) The system of claim 1, the control component further comprising a generator. and a ballast resistor.
- 3. (Cancelled.)
- 4. (Original) The system of claim 1, wherein the external stimulus is a voltage.
- 5. (Currently amended) The system of claim 3 1, wherein the electrical state is an impedance of the memory cell that represents more than one bit of information.
- 6. (Original) The system of claim 1, the functional layer is a selectively conductive media further comprising an organic light emitting material.

- 7. (Original) The system of claim 1, the functional layer comprises a passive layer, an active layer and a barrier layer.
- 8. (Original) The system of claim 1, the second electrode comprising a plurality of electrodes to facilitate decoupling of write and read circuits that program the memory cell.
- (Currently amended) A method of programming a memory cell comprising:
 providing a memory cell comprising a selectively conductive layer that is sandwiched
 between electrodes;

applying an external stimulus to the memory cell to affect an impedance state of a property associated with the memory cell; and

comparing the property impedance state with a predetermined threshold value.

- 10. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein applying an external stimulus comprises applying a voltage to the memory cell.
- (Currently amended) The method of claim 9, <u>further comprising</u> wherein comparing the property with a predetermined threshold value comprises comparing an electric current passing through the memory cell with a predetermined threshold value.
- 12. (Currently amended) The method of claim 9, further comprising removing the external stimulus based on an outcome of the comparing act. a property with a predetermined threshold value.
- 13. (Original) A method of programming information in a memory cell comprising: applying an electric field pulse that exceeds a threshold value to the memory cell, the memory cell comprising a selectively conductive layer that is sandwiched between electrodes; and

controlling at least one of an impedance of the cell, current flowing through the cell, and a time duration that current flows through the cell, to program the memory cell.

- 14. (Original) The method of claim 13 further comprising comparing a current flowing through the cell with a predetermined value.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 14 further comprising removing the electric field pulse based on an outcome of comparing a current flowing through the cell with a predetermined value.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 15 further comprising applying a further electric pulse to read information from the memory cell.
- 17. (Original) The method of claim 13 further comprising applying a reverse electric field pulse to erase programmed information.
- 18. (Currently amended) A memory cell comprising:
 - a first electrode that forms a base for the memory cell;
- a functional layer formed over the first electrode to facilitate charge migration in the memory cell, an impedance state of the functional layer changes based on a migration of electrons or holes when subject to an external electric field or light radiation, the impedance state indicative of information content;
- a second electrode formed over the functional layer and operative with the first electrode to activate a selective memory portion in the memory cell, and
 - a diode component coupled to the first or second electrode.
- 19. (Original) The memory cell of claim 18, wherein the diode component is positioned between the first and the second electrode.
- 20. (Original) The memory cell of claim 18, wherein the diode component comprises a photo sensor element.

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- 21. (Original) The memory cell of claim 18, wherein the diode component forms a layer comprising at least one of electro conductive material, semiconductor material, and organic material.
- 22. (Currently amended) A system for programming a memory cell comprising: means for regulating an impedance state of a property associated with a memory cell; and means for setting a program state based on the regulated property impedance state of the memory cell.
- 23. (New) The system of claim 22 further comprising means for erasing the memory cell.